KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA
Nation   Religion   King

PROTOCOL ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF MINES, BOOBY-TRAPS AND OTHER DEVICES, AS AMENDED ON 3 MAY 1996, ANNEXED TO THE CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS WHICH MAY BE DEEMED TO BE EXCESSIVELY INJURIOUS OR TO HAVE INDISCRIMINATE EFFECTS (Protocol II as amended on 3 May 1996)

Reporting Formats for Article 13 paragraph 4 and Article 11 paragraph 2

NAME OF THE HIGH CONTRACTING PARTY: KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA

DATE OF SUBMISSION: 28 DECEMBER 2012

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This information can be available to other interested parties and relevant organizations

☑ YES
☐ NO
☐ Partially, only the following forms:
A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐ E ☐ F ☐ G ☐
Form A  Dissemination of information

Article 13, paragraph 4 (a) Depository ... on:
(a) dissemination of information on this Protocol to their armed forces and to the civilian population;

Remark:

High Contracting Party  Kingdom of Cambodia  Reporting for time period from 01/07/2011 To 30/06/2012

Information to the armed forces

N/A

Information to the civilian population

It is important to note that activities provided by some operators were not consistent with the reporting period required, but rather covering their activities annually (2011):

As the national mine action authority, CMAA has the responsibility to strategically plan, coordinate and oversee MRE activities in Cambodia. This includes:

- Developed and finalized Mine Risk Education Standard and Recommendation;
- Organized and chaired MRE Working Group meetings to share information, discussed issues, reviewed MRE materials and messages to ensure they are appropriate and effective;
- Organized National Mine Awareness Day (24 February);
- Organized a meeting to disseminated a Mine Risk Education Standard and Recommendation;
- Ensured that risk reduction messages delivered to affected communities are consistent and do not contradict each other;
- Monitored MRE activities to ensure that they are in line with the strategy;
- Distributed 1,000 MRE posters and 1,000 MRE notebooks and 15,000 T-shirts to MRE operators;
- Offered presentation on MRE activities in Cambodia to delegation from Afghanistan, South Sudan and GICHD;
- Offered a presentation on MRE activities in Cambodia in Regional Seminar organized by MAG.

CMAC

CMAC’s Mine Risk Education team has conducted consultation for behaviour change through 35,371 household/field (working site) visits and 13,312 mine risk education presentation to group of people at risk, including children at schools and out-of-schools, with focus on danger avoidance and reporting channel for mine and UXO disposal. Mine Risk Education activities were conducted in 9,638 villages in 541 communes of 24 provinces. The message focus on dangerous avoidance and consultation for behaviour changes reached 326,168 people of which 40% were children, 33% men and 27 % women. In addition, CMAC used 1,246 T-shirts, 5,969 notebooks, 4,002 posters, 2,364 flyers, 4,221 leaflets and 104 VCDs to reinforce the MRE messages. Mine and UXO risk education staff has coordinated and facilitated the request from local authorities and mine/UXO affected communities 8,510 requests.

1 The information obtained from PR Department/CMAA
**MoEYS**
The MoEYS implemented MRE for Children project by including MRE messages focused on 76 primary schools and 19 lower secondary schools in 14 districts of 5 provinces (Battambang, Bantaey Meanchey, Pailin, Preah Vihea, Otod Meanchey). The school children and peer club student can pass on the message to their friends and family members by some activities such as storytelling, story writing, role playing, and drawing contests. There were 19,432 primary school students were taught MRE by trained teachers.

**CRC**
Red Cross Volunteers bear direct responsibility in the plan of action development, implementation and reporting to the branch office. Development Officers (DOs) of each branch is facilitated in the community. Program Coordinator from NHQ monitors and follows up this every month.
CRC’s Mine Risk Education activities were conducted in 301 villages in 41 communes in 10 districts of 4 provinces. The message focus on dangerous avoidance and consultation for behavior changes reached 51,588 people of which 26,086 were children.

**CMVIS**
There are 4,925 people received the MRE messages provided by CMVIS Data Gatherers in the provinces of Battambang, Bantheay Meanchey, Pailin, Otod Meanchey, Preavhear, Pousat, Kampong Thom, Kampong Spue, Kampil, Takeo, Kampong Cham, Kratie, Stung Treng, Svay Rieng, Takeo, Mondul Kiri, Kep, PreahSihanouk, Koh Kong, Ratanak Kiri, Siem Reap and other provinces and also, 37 field Trips were undertaken by CMVIS Data Management Office staff to control the qualities of all MRE activities as implemented by CMVIS Data Gatherers in where the CMVIS works.

**The HALO Trust**
For the period of July 2011 to June 2012, HALO’s MRE activities were conducted in both its mine clearance and BLS areas in the provinces of Battambang, Pailin, Otad Meanchey, Kampong Thom, Kampong Cham, Kratie, Kampong Speu and Koh Kong. The team visited the most effected villages and in remote areas to deliver MRE presentations to 868 out-of-school children, 3,473 school children and 802 men, 976 women.

**MAG**
MAG Community Liaison (CL) teams continued to provide implementation of assessments, liaising closely with village and community networks, and development partners. CL teams provided targeted Risk Reduction Education (RRE) as part of their daily activities but are moving towards providing this in the North West only when requested by communities. MAG will focus on ensuring appropriate development partnerships exist to enable alternative livelihoods activities can be offered to communities who often know the risks from landmines and UXO, but must take the risk in order to provide for their families. 8 CL teams were deployed within MAG operational areas ensuring the continued involvement and consultation of affected communities and key stakeholders within the mine action process.
In addition, MAG’s 2 EOD teams continued to provide basic risk messaging to local communities as part of their EOD activities in the North West.
MAG conducted 1,341 RRE tasks to benefit 18,958 Cambodians in MAG operational Provinces in the North West of Cambodia. Of this total, 11,230 were male and 7,728 were female.
**Spirit of Soccer (SOS)**

Spirit of Soccer (SOS) is an International, Non-Profit Organization, registered both in Great Britain and the United States, SOS is established the project in Cambodia since 2006. Spirit of Soccer is dedicated to promote MRE through sports, especially Soccer. SOS targeted on the three most effected provinces in Cambodia, Battambang, Banteay Meanchey and Pailin and Kampong Chhnang.

MRE activities were reached by conducting 125 courses to 7,578 Boys and 4,516 Girls, provided Footballs, MRE materials, 920 footballs, 594 uniform sport kits and 11,478 school books were contributed to children.

**JMAS**

JMAS’s MRE cooperated with CMAC’s EOD teams and CBURR network staffs were conducted to the 36,869 men, 29,230 women and 55,254 children and destroyed 375 mines and 17,978 UXOs in the following provinces: Kampot, Takeo and Siem Reap and Kompong Thom.
**Form B**  
**Mine clearance and rehabilitation programmes**

**Article 13, paragraph 4 (b)**

“The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the Depositary ... on:

(b) mine clearance and rehabilitation programmes;”

**Remark:**

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<td>Cambodia</td>
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**Mine clearance programmes**

There are four main accredited operators in Cambodia, CMAC, MAG, HALO Trust and NPMEC. There is one commercial company, BACTEC, with a valid license however there is very limited commercial work undergoing in Cambodia.

**CMAC**

For the reporting period, CMAC has cleared 70,786,733 sqm; destroyed 17,426 APM, 545 ATM, and 83,852 UXO.

**HALO Trust**

For the reporting period, HALO has cleared 11,962,915 sqm; destroyed 9,832 APM, 145 ATM, and 5,626 UXO.

**MAG**

For the reporting period, MAG has cleared 2,221,463 sqm; destroyed 2,834 APM, 233 ATM, and 5,558 UXO.

**RCAF**

For the reporting period, RCAF has cleared 83,270,893 sqm; destroyed 1,562 APM, 26 ATM, and 8,266 UXO.

The total areas cleared by the operators have been used for resettlement, infrastructure, road/bridge, agriculture, well/pond, hydroelectricity, irrigation system and other Government infrastructure.

**Rehabilitation programmes**

CMAA has delegated the responsibility for mine victim assistance to the Ministry of Social Affair, Veterans and Youth Rehabilitation (MoSVY) where it is most appropriately addressed. The Disability Action Council (DAC) secretariat serves as supporting the MoSVY in the area of general disabilities. The Department of Victim Assistance of the CMAA is working with the MoSVY and DAC in order to obtain information on services provided to mine victims and ensure that issues relating to landmine and other ERW survivors are part of the agenda by continuing to participate in the National Disability Coordination Committee and its Sub-Committee. In late 2011, National Plan of Action for Person with disability including landmine/ERW survivors 2009-2011 (NPA-PwD 2009-2011), MoSVY and CMAA led to review and monitor the implementing of NPA-PwD 2009-2011. The NPA-PwD is

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2 The information provided by DBU/CMAA
3 The information provided by VA Department/CMAA

The following are the 2011 figures that made available to the CMAA by the MoSVY.

**Physical Rehabilitation:**
- Provided 636 Prosthetics and repaired 796 prosthetics to mine victims
- Provided 331 Orthotics including limbs and body and repaired 96
- Provided 84 wheelchairs including tricycles and repaired 141
- Provided 463 walking aids including crutches cans and walking frames and repaired 11.

**Medical care:**
- 9754 victims received physiotherapy (treatment and assessment).

**Vocational Training:**
- 134 landmine/ERW survivors were trained at vocational training centres.

**Community Based Rehabilitation services:**

The community-based rehabilitation services, available in 20 provinces had provided the macro finance, house repairing, transportation fee for children to school, emergency service, health care, food, disability empowerment and self help group setting up.
Form C  | Technical requirements and relevant information
---|---
Article 13, paragraph 4 (c) | “The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the Depositary ... on: (c) steps taken to meet technical requirements of this Protocol and any other relevant information pertaining thereto;”

**Remark:**

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**Technical requirements**

The information on the technical requirements on location of mines, production of anti-personal mines and the use of anti-personal mines are not changed from the previous report.

**Any other relevant information**

N/A
**Form D**  | **Legislation**
---|---
Article 13, paragraph 4 (d) | “The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the Depositary ... on: (d) legislation related to this Protocol;”

**Remark:**

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**Legislation**

Nothing to report
Form E

International technical information exchange, cooperation on mine clearance, technical cooperation and assistance

Article 13, paragraph 4 (e)

“The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the Depositary ... on:

(e) measures taken on international technical information exchange, on international cooperation on mine clearance, and on technical cooperation and assistance;”

Remark:

High Contracting Party: Kingdom of Cambodia

Reporting for time period from 01/07/2011 To 30/06/2012

International Technical information exchange

Cambodia organized and hosted the 11MSP with 101 countries represented. The 11MSP has been a great accomplishment. Cambodia is proud to have taken a leading role in this successful event. The highlighted events during the 11MSP including field trip with National Centre of Peacekeeping Forces, Mines and ERW Clearance (NPMEC), landmine exhibition, victim assistance parallel programme, sites visit in Battambang and Philin province, and other side events.

As President designate of the 11Meeting of States Party, Cambodia visited and held high level dialogues with Vietnam, Singapore and Myanmar. Cambodia took the opportunity to present to them the achievements of Cambodia in the mine action sector and the benefits of becoming a state party and humanitarian interests achieved from the Ottawa treaty and also encourage their authorities to increase their engagement in the international movement to eradicate anti-personnel mines.

CMAA is the experience national institute with long term period in facilitation and monitoring mine action activities in Cambodia. CMAA have facilitated and shared experiences with delegations from Afghanistan, Laos, Myanmar and South Sudan from January to June 2012. Mine Risk Education, Base Line Survey, Regulation and Monitoring, Victim Assistance, Mine Action Planning, Post Clearance Monitoring and Resources Mobilization are the main topics for distribution to those counties.

International Cooperation on Mine Clearance

During the reporting period, CMAC expenditures were estimated at around 12,821,244 USD. Main CMAC contributors were the Royal Government of Cambodia, Japan Government, JMAS, NPA, UNDP, UNICEF, HIB, IMCCD, the U.S Department of State (DOS), the Germany and other donation. All these funds were used for mine/ERW clearance operations, mine verification & survey, mine awareness and mine risk education programs, and training & administration overhead.

During the reporting period, HALO has received fund 4,085,729 US dollars from the various donors: Ireland Govt, New Zealand Govt, Belgium Govt, Finland Govt, US DoS & DoD (NVESD), UNDP, Freedom Fields USA, US Rotary, Gould Foundation, Hurvis Foundation, and GDS Services International. The fund has been used for Manual Clearance, Mechanical Clearance, Baseline Survey, and EOD.

Technical Cooperation and Assistance

During this reporting period, NPA continues providing both financial and technical assistance to Database Unit of CMAA. The organization wants to ensure successful IMSMA implementation and improve data flow between CMAA and all related mine action stakeholders. Staff members of Database Unit have also worked very closely with GICHD to have all technical problems fixed for including in the new Release of IMSMA ng.
**Form F**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Article 13, paragraph 4 (f)</th>
<th>Other relevant matters</th>
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<tr>
<td>“The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the Depositary ... on: (f) other relevant matters.”</td>
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**Other relevant matters**

N/A
Form G

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Information to the UN-database on mine clearance</th>
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<tr>
<td>“Each High Contracting Party undertakes to provide information to the</td>
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<td>database on mine clearance established within the United Nations</td>
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<td>System, especially information concerning various means and</td>
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<td>technologies of mine clearance, and lists of experts, expert agencies or</td>
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<td>national points of contact on mine clearance.”</td>
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Means and Technologies of Mine Clearance

Unchanged from last reporting year (2011)

Lists of Experts and Expert Agencies

No any changes have been updated at this stage.

National Point of Contacts on Mine Clearance:

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