**REPORTING FORMS**

**PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 10, PARAGRAPH 2 (b) OF THE PROTOCOL AND THE DECISION OF THE FIRST CONFERENCE OF THE HIGH CONTRACTING PARTIES TO PROTOCOL V**

(As adopted by the First Conference at its second plenary meeting on 5 November 2007)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HIGH CONTRACTING PARTY:</th>
<th>BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NATIONAL POINT(S) OF CONTACT (Organization, telephones, fax, e-mail):</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Foreign Affairs of BH/Tel/Fax No. +387 33 281 246; +387 33 227 156;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Civil Affairs of BH/The Demining Commission of BH/BHMAC;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tel/Fax No. +387 33 445 082; +387 33 206 466; +387 33 253 800; <a href="mailto:info@bhmac.org">info@bhmac.org</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ministry of Defense of BH/Tel/Fax No. +387 33 285 627; +387 33 206 094</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF SUBMISSION:</td>
<td>15.05.2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(dd/mm/yyyy)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This information can be available to other interested parties and relevant organizations

☑ YES

☐ NO

☐ Partially, only the following forms:

☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐ E ☐ F ☐ G ☐ H ☐ I
FORMA: Steps taken to implement Article 3 of the Protocol: Clearance, removal or destruction of explosive remnants of war

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January [dd/mm/yyyy] to December 2018 [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 3:

- The current size of the suspected hazardous area on mines in BiH is 1.018 km² or 1.98% in relation to the total area of BiH.
- Through the systematic survey operations, 8,525 suspected microlocations have been defined, with estimated 79,000 mines / ERW.
- The current magnitude of the suspicious hazardous area on cluster munitions in BiH is 6.30 km², of which 3.20 km² is a combined suspicious hazardous area on mines and cluster munitions.
- Through the systematic survey operations, 203 suspected microlocations on cluster munitions were defined, with estimated of 1,500 pieces of cluster munition / ERW left behind.
- A general assessment of the impact of mines / ERW / cluster munitions in 129 cities / municipalities in BiH identified 1,388 impacted communities on mine / ERW / cluster munitions.
- Out of the total number of impacted communities:
  - 1,369 communities are contaminated with mines,
  - while 60 communities are contaminated with cluster munitions (out of which 31 communities have combined mine and cluster munitions contamination).
- Microlocation of contaminated mines / ERW / cluster munitions directly affects the safety of 545,603 inhabitants or 15% of the total population of BiH. From that:
  - micro-locations contaminated with mines affect the safety of 517,238 inhabitants,
  - while microlocation contaminated with cluster munitions affects the safety of 54,314 inhabitants (of which 25,949 inhabitants are endangered by combined mines and cluster munitions).

Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Standards divide responsibility for removal of mines and ERW as follows:
- Demining teams:
  - AP and AT mines, hand-grenades, rifle grenades, artillery shell – bullets and mortar grenades caliber below 82 mm;
- EOD teams:
  - All types of artillery shells, aerial bombs and mortar grenades caliber above 82 mm, all type of rockets, all types of ammunition, including cluster bombs KB-1 and KB-2, any composite designed and unrecognisable UXO (with chemical, biological, flare, smoke or other charge) or booby-traps, as well as any other UXO suspected to have piezoelectric fuse.
- Destruction of ERW in Bosnia and Herzegovina is conducted exclusively by detonations. All ERW is destroyed on-site where it was found, except if jeopardizes people or in a case of unacceptable material damage that could not be prevented applying adequate protection measures.

At the end of 2018, there were 18 accredited organisations for mine action in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

CONVENTION ON CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS
Herzegovina. Out of this number, there are 5 government organisations (Armed Forces, Civil Protections from Federation and Republic of Srpska and Brcko District, along with the Red Cross Association for Bosnia and Herzegovina) 5 commercial organisations and 9 NGO’s. Within accredited organisations, there are currently 1,200 persons engaged, all possessing accreditation for mine action and licence for work. Out of the total number, 900 trained deminers and 300 persons authorised for managerial and monitoring activities within mine action are engaged at the moment.

Accredited organisations currently dispose of following material and technical assets for humanitarian demining:

- 29 machines;
- 65 MDD teams for mine – explosive search;
- 975 metal detectors of various types for usage in humanitarian demining operations.

Results of demining teams in Bosnia and Herzegovina in 2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>AP mines</th>
<th>AT mines</th>
<th>ERW</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AP mines</td>
<td>2101</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>1974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT mines</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>2462</td>
<td>291</td>
<td>56372</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERW</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>11783</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRAND TOTAL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>58346</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Review of explosive remnants of war (ERW) removed in 2018 in Bosnia and Herzegovina

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ORGANIZATION</th>
<th>TYPE OF REMOVED ORDNANCES</th>
<th>AP mines</th>
<th>AT mines</th>
<th>ERW</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARMED FORCES OF BIH</td>
<td></td>
<td>220</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>264</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CIVIL PROTECTION OF FBiH</td>
<td></td>
<td>58</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CIVIL PROTECTION OF RS</td>
<td></td>
<td>44</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DETEKTOR</td>
<td></td>
<td>72</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOK-ING demining N.H.O.</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAZI MINE, Vitez</td>
<td></td>
<td>60</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>142</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NGO PRO VITA</td>
<td></td>
<td>877</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>842</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NGO STOP MINES</td>
<td></td>
<td>30</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NORWEGIAN PEOPLES AID (NPA)</td>
<td></td>
<td>322</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAG</td>
<td></td>
<td>62</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MDDC</td>
<td></td>
<td>235</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N&amp;N IVŠA</td>
<td></td>
<td>115</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td></td>
<td>2098</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>1931</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### TYPE OF REMOVED ORDNANCES ORGANIZATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>CP of FBiH</th>
<th>CP of RS</th>
<th>CP of BRCKO DC</th>
<th>(NPA)</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mines</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP mines</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>209</td>
<td>244</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT mines</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERW</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hand granades</td>
<td>1,965</td>
<td>760</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>2,846</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rifle granades</td>
<td>752</td>
<td>188</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>970</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rockets, RB and RPG mines</td>
<td>282</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>385</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mortar bombs</td>
<td>683</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>735</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Artillery granades and projectiles</td>
<td>683</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>736</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>8,129</td>
<td>3,721</td>
<td>261</td>
<td>12,147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cluster munitions/submunitions</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>117</td>
<td>345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuzes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuzes</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammunition &lt; 20 mm</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>38,175</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>38,189</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total ERW: 56,372

Any other relevant information:

Furthermore, Mine Action Strategy of BiH Armed Forces was developed for the period 2009-2019, defining vision, mission and goals of BiH Armed Forces in the field of mine action. Armed Forces of Bosnia and Herzegovina carry out operations of ERW removal with app. 25% of cities engaged in Bosnia and Herzegovina. They have following resources: 31 manual demining teams, 6 squads for mechanical soil preparation, 4 squads with dogs for detection of explosive 1 general reconnaissance team.

The BiH Armed Forces, in accordance with the adopted Mine Action Strategy paper 2018-2025, will also adjust their strategy for the same period.
FORMB: Steps taken to implement Article 4 of the Protocol: Recording, retaining and transmission of information

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January [dd/mm/yyyy] to December 2018 [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 4 and the Technical Annex:

Last general assessment study on mine situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina, completed in 2018 has identified 1398 communities impacted by mine/ERW. According to estimation locations contaminated by mines/ERW directly affect safety about 545,000 persons. The Law on Demining in Bosnia and Herzegovina ("Official Gazette BiH" ed.5/02) prescribes organisational structure for survey, clearance and removal of mines and explosive remnants of war on territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina, authorities responsible for mine action, rights and obligations of persons engaged in demining, as well as monitoring of the law implementation. At the state level, Bosnia and Herzegovina Demining Law regulates Demining Commission as a central body responsible for the longterm conduction of mine action activities and removal of mine danger in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Commission is a part of BH Ministry of Civil Affairs and consists of three members (three nationalities). BHMAC is its technical body, established by the Ministry Council decision in 2002.

BHMAC main responsibilities are location of suspected hazardous areas and its declaration as confirmed or no obvious hazardous areas. Areas declared as CHA are further processed by BHMAC and mine action projects are made for those areas. BHMAC has its central and two main offices (Sarajevo and Banja Luka) and 8 Regional Offices established across the country (Sarajevo, Banja Luka, Pale, Tuzla, Brčko, Mostar, Travnik and Bihać) allowing operational activities to be carried out locally. Their main tasks are location and marking of suspect areas and database daily inputs. Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Centre manage and maintain database on mines/explosive remnants of war removed through operations of humanitarian demining in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Organisations of Civil Protections (CP of Federation BiH, CP of Republic of Srpska and CP of District Brcko) manage and maintain database on explosive remnants of war removed through activities of EOD teams. BHMAC began process for establishment of database that will unify all data on removed explosive remnants of war. Precisely, in this ongoing process organisations of Civil Protections in Bosnia and Herzegovina provide data on removed ERW, out of the evidence (Combined Report defined by paragraph 4 under d) of Chapter VI, BiH Mine Action Standards) on conducted tasks to BHMAC in electronic form every six months. Combined Report on issued tasks, survey and removal of explosive remnants of war (enclosure A, chapter VI of Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Standard).

Any other relevant information:

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA MINE ACTION STRATEGY (2009-2019) is adopted by Council of Ministers during its 45th session, held on April 24, 2008 in Sarajevo.

Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Operational Plan in accordance to Article 17, Item 3 of Law Demining in Bosnia and Herzegovina ("Official Gazette BiH", ed. 5/02) has been approved by De demining Commission in Bosnia and Herzegovina

At the 165th session of the BiH Ministry Council, held on January 30, new Mine Action Strategy

CONVENTION ON CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS
for the period 2018-2025 was adopted.
FORMC: Steps taken to implement Article 5 of the Protocol: Other precautions for the protection of the civilian population, individual civilians and civilian objects from the risks and effects of explosive remnants of war

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January to December 2018

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 5 and the Technical Annex:

In 2018, mine action / ERW / cluster munitions operations were continuously carried out through public information, education of impacted population groups and through linking mine action with an endangered community / municipality. The focus of the mine warning / ERW / cluster munition was to conduct activities in vulnerable communities / municipalities with a large suspected hazardous area of the III priority category, that is, according to the most vulnerable groups of the population. During the reporting period, 12 mine awareness projects / ERW / cluster munitions were implemented or are in the phase of realization, while 36,608 persons were warned on mine danger.

Based on the knowledge of illegal migration in the territory of BiH and in case of increased migration through BiH, the Mine Action Center in BiH organized thematic meetings on this issue in cooperation with the BiH Border Police, the Norwegian People’s Aid (NPA), the International Committee of the Red Cross / Red Cross / Cross in order to take preventive measures to alert migrants to mine / EEZ / cluster munitions. As a result of these meetings, ICRC BiH has conducted awareness of mine threats in BiH of 12,000 refugees / migrants at the Bihać, Cazin and V. Kladuša sites.

Also, in the organization of the Red Cross Society of BiH, in 2018, the competition “Think of mines” was held at the level of elementary schools in BiH. Through all levels of competition from school, municipal, cantonal / regional, entity to state competitions, 3,000 students were enrolled. BHMAC Regional offices responsible for the mine situation in the border regions of BiH, has established cooperation with the Regional Border Police Units of BiH in order to get information on the potential migration flows in BiH, and in accordance with that, checked the status of mine signs in areas close to the migrant route, and in case that some of the mine signs were removed or destroyed, they were placed again.

Any other relevant information:

In 2018, 3 mine incidents were reported in BiH, in which 1 person died, 1 person was seriously injured and 2 persons got minor injuries. In the mine incident in the area of Gornji Skipovac-Topalovic Vis, 16 sheep were killed by the PROM-1 mine. In the municipality of Zavidovići, the area of Vozuče, a mine accident with one death tragedy and one wounding with severe consequences occurred. These were the hunters who entered into the marked mine suspected area. Two persons voluntarily entered the marked minefield with a tractor in the village of Kasetići, the region of Hadžići, and they got minor injuries by the action of the PROM-1 mine.
FORMD: Steps taken to implement Article 6 of the Protocol: Provisions for the protection of humanitarian missions and organizations from the effects of explosive remnants of war

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High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January [dd/mm/yyyy] to December 2018

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 6:
Every humanitarian missions and organizations which come to Bosnia and Herzegovina, could ask for all relevant information on mine situation in BiH from BHMAC. Basic activities of BHMAC are as following:
1. Central database maintenance;
2. General survey and urgent marking;
3. Planning and preparation of mine action projects and supporting technical documentation;
4. Prioritization of mine action tasks;
5. Short and long term Plans and Reports;
6. Coordination and monitoring of the implementation OF National Mine Action Strategy and Mine Action Plan;
7. Definition of technical and safety standards;
8. Testing and accreditation;
9. Quality assurance;
10. Certification of cleared areas.

Any other relevant information:

n/a
**PROTOCOL V**

**FORME**: Steps taken to implement Article 7 and Article 8 of the Protocol: Assistance with respect to existing explosive remnants of war and cooperation and assistance

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High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January [dd/mm/yyyy] to December 2018 [dd/mm/yyyy]

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Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 7 and Article 8:

In 1996, Mine Action Centre was established by United Nations (UNMAC) in order to build a local management structure and operational mine action capacity. In the mid 1998, local structure was established, comprising of the Entity Centers and one central Mine Action Centre (BHMAC). In the first phase, number of humanitarian demining organizations was increased, first national mine action standards were issued, and financial resources were improved, as well as professional training. The adoption of the Law on Demining in 2002, established a central structure, BHMAC at the state level, immediately under the Ministry of Civil Affairs.

Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction was signed on December 3, 1997, ratified on September 8, 1998 and put into force on March 1, 1999.

BiH has, together with another 14 countries, successfully presented the Request for the extension of Article 5 deadline at the 9th Meeting of the State Parties held in Geneva from November 24-28, 2008. Deadline extension was granted to BiH until year of 2019.

Bosnia and Herzegovina has ratified the Convention on Conventional Weapons (CCW) on September 1st, 1993.


Convention on Cluster Munitions was signed on December 3, 2008 and ratified on September 7, 2010.

During 2016, representatives of Mine Action Centre in BiH actively participated at the 19th International Meeting of Mine Action National Programme Directors and UN advisors, 26th SEEMAC meeting held within the 13th International Symposium on Humanitarian Demining.

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Any other relevant information:

- Co-operation on the level of foreign governments and embassies in BiH,
- Co-operation with the European Union (EU) – IPA Program,
- Co-operation in the framework of obligations and meetings related to the Ottawa Convention,
- Co-operation with countries in the region in the framework of SEEMACC (South Eastern European Mine Action Coordination Council),
- Co-operation with the ITF,
- Co-operation with UN organizations (UNDP, UNICEF) and the Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining (GICHD),
- Co-operation with International Red Cross Committee,

**CONVENTION ON CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS**
Co-operation with EUFOR,
Co-operation with all organizations and institutions involved in mine action activities in BiH.

We can offer the following forms of assistance to the international mine action community:

Establishment of the National mine action centre,
Legal, sublegal and normative regulations,
Establishment of mine information system,
Planning system – production of National strategies, annual and operative activity plans,
Education of executors of humanitarian demining operations, mine risk education,
General survey, definition of suspected hazardous area and education of survey teams.

**FORME(a):** Steps taken by States which have ERW victims to implement the relevant provisions of Article 8(2): Victim Assistance

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**High Contracting Party:** Bosnia and Herzegovina

**Reporting for time period from:** [dd/mm/yyyy] **to** December 2018 [dd/mm/yyyy]

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Steps taken to implement the relevant provisions of Article 8(2):

n/a

Other relevant information, guided by the Plan of Action on Victim Assistance:

n/a

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CONVENTION ON CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS
FORM F: Steps taken to implement Article 9 of the Protocol: Generic preventive measures

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 9 and the Technical Annex:

a. Munitions manufacturing management
   We do not have information at our disposal.

b. Munitions management
   Stockpiling and ammunition transport is done in accordance with Guidelines on Stockpiling and ammunition transport, prescribing conditions and measures for safe stockpiling and transport of explosive ordnances. Stockpiling and ammunition transport between military locations is under control of Armed forces. Armed forces do not carry out testing shootings because they do not have the permission for this purpose by NATO HQ and EUFOR. Laboratory research of stockpiled explosive ordnances is not done because BiH Armed Forces do not possess necessary equipment. Therefore, possibility of laboratory research in neighboring countries is being considered.
   We do not have at our disposal information on periodical test shootings or laboratory tests of stored explosive ordnances.

c. Training
   Personnel involved in handling, transportation and use of explosive devices is trained and certificated.

d. Transfer
   In the last 6 years there has not been any transfer of arms and ammunition with military stockpiles.

e. Future production
   We do not have at our disposal information on experiments for improvement of trustworthiness of explosive ordnances for further production.

Any other relevant information:

In the period from August 2018 to December 2019, the Project "General Assessment of Suspected Areas in BiH 2018 - 2019" will be jointly implemented by the Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Center, the Armed Forces of BiH and the Norwegian People's Aid (NPA).

The project is funded by the European Commission through emergency grants in the amount of EUR 900,000, and it will be implemented by 14 non-technical survey teams (BHAMC - 9, BiH Armed Forces - 2 and Norwegian People's Aid - 3).

The aim of this project is to increase the effectiveness of mine action in Bosnia and Herzegovina through the implementation of an improved general mine assessment, in order to set a new basis through the application of non-technical and technical survey.

This will provide a new basis for realistic planning of mine action in order to develop a plan for the implementation of the Mine Action Strategy 2018-2025 and prepare the final request for fulfilling the obligations under Article 5 of the Ottawa Convention.

CONVENTION ON CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS
FORMG: Steps taken to implement Article 11 of the Protocol: Compliance

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January [dd/mm/yyyy] to December 2018 [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 11:

Standard for mine / UXO clearance and standard for mine risk education as well as standard operational procedures for humanitarian demining and mine risk education in Bosnia and Herzegovina have been developed on the basis of international standards of mine action (IMAS). Chapter VI of Bosnia and Herzegovina Mine Action Standard (drafted on the basis of IMAS) defines the removal of ERW in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Chapter XVI of the Bosnia and Herzegovina Standard for mine / UXOs clearance referring to clearance and technical survey of cluster munitions is also drafted, as well as draft of SOP for general survey and a new draft of Regulations on issuing of editions to BIH mine action organizations.

In 2018, Demining commission in BiH approved two chapters of the SOP for MA in BiH approved.

BH: - Chapter 1. Non-technical survey, Part II Opening and dispatching tasks.

Any other relevant information:

Bosnia and Herzegovina Ministry of Defense is willing, in law framework, and if necessary, to request through competent BH institution issuance of adequate instructions and operative procedures to improve expertise of employees in Ministry of Defense i.e. BH Armed Forces who attended training in accordance to provisions of this Protocol. In the same time, in frame of our law competence, we confirm that we are ready for cooperation consulting with other parties in order to solve any problem that may arise in interpretation and application method of this Protocol provisions.
FORMH: Other relevant matters

High Contracting Party: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Reporting for time period from: January [dd/mm/yyyy] to December 2018 [dd/mm/yyyy]

Any other relevant information:

n/a

CONVENTION ON CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS