

AMENDED PROTOCOL II

PROTOCOL ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF MINES, BOOBY-TRAPS AND OTHER DEVICES, AS AMENDED ON 3 MAY 1996, ANNEXED TO THE CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS WHICH MAY BE DEEMED TO BE EXCESSIVELY INJURIOUS OR TO HAVE INDISCRIMINATE EFFECTS

(Protocol II as amended on 3 May 1996)

SUMMARY SHEET

Summary Reporting Format for Article 13 paragraph 4 and Article 11 paragraph 2, pursuant to the decision of the Fifth Annual Conference of the States Parties to CCW Amended Protocol II as stipulated in paragraph 20 of its Final Document, CCW/AP.II/CONF.5/2

NAME OF THE HIGH
CONTRACTING PARTY: New Zealand

DATE OF SUBMISSION: 06/05/2015

NATIONAL POINT(S) OF
CONTACT: International Security and Disarmament
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This information can be available to other interested parties and relevant organizations:

YES

NO

AMENDED PROTOCOL II

Reporting for time period

from: **01/01/2014**

dd/mm/yyyy

to:

31/12/2014

dd/mm/yyyy

Form A: Dissemination of information:

changed

unchanged

(last reporting year: 2008)

Form B: Mine clearance and rehabilitation programmes:

changed

unchanged

(last reporting year: 2013)

Form C: Technical requirements and relevant information:

changed

unchanged

(last reporting year: 2008)

Form D: Legislation:

changed

unchanged

(last reporting year: 2008)

Form E: International technical information exchange, co-operation on mine clearance, technical co-operation and assistance:

changed

unchanged

(last reporting year: 2009)

Form F: Other relevant matters:

changed

unchanged

(last reporting year: 2009)

Form G: Information to the UN-database on mine clearance:

changed

unchanged

(last reporting year: 2008)

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BOOBY-TRAPS AND OTHER DEVICES, AS AMENDED ON 3 MAY 1996, ANNEXED
TO THE CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF
CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS WHICH MAY BE DEEMED TO BE
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(Protocol II as amended on 3 May 1996)**

REPORTING FORMATS

for Article 13 paragraph 4 and Article 11 paragraph 2

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YES

NO

Partially, only the following forms:

A

B

C

D

E

F

G

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Form B Mine clearance and rehabilitation programmes

Article 13,
paragraph 4 (b) “The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the
Depositary [...] on [...]:

(b) mine clearance and rehabilitation programmes;”

Remark:

High Contracting Party:

New Zealand

Reporting for time period

from: 01/01/2014

dd/mm/yyyy

to: 31/12/2014

dd/mm/yyyy

MINE CLEARANCE PROGRAMMES:

UNMAS

The New Zealand Aid Programme provides NZ\$1 million annually in untagged flexible core funding to UNMAS (the UN Mine Action Service) to support the organisation's work in removing and destroying mines, explosive remnants of war and stockpiles, risk education and advocacy. New Zealand also provides \$500,000 annually for UNMAS' Rapid Response and Technical Support Capacity.

International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)

The New Zealand Aid Programme provides NZ\$2.5 million each year in untagged core funding to support ICRC's work, including physical rehabilitation and preventative unexploded ordnance action programmes which focus on risk reduction, education and advocacy work. Those programmes aim to reduce the human cost of mines and explosive remnants of war.

Other international/UN agencies

The New Zealand Aid Programme prioritises core funding to other UN agencies such as UNICEF, UNDP, UNHCR, OCHA, OHCHR and WFP, all of which undertake unexploded ordnance clearance activities as part of their work. Funding is also directed to the World Bank, which helps to address the long-term consequences of mines and unexploded ordnance on economic and social development.

Cambodia

The New Zealand Aid Programme has contributed US\$1,050,000 for landmine clearance in

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Cambodia from 2012-2014.

Lao PDR

New Zealand is providing funding of USD\$ 1,911,378 to UXO Lao (through the UNDP Trust Fund) for unexploded ordnance clearance in Xieng Khouang Province, in Lao PDR from June 2014 – December 2015.

Syria

The New Zealand Aid Programme has contributed NZ\$12.5 million to the Syrian regional crisis response to date. This has included \$2.5m to the ICRC for operations in Syria and Lebanon including medical assistance to war-wounded people

West Bank

New Zealand, along with the UK, the US and the Netherlands, provides funding to the HALO Trust for mine clearance in the West Bank and capacity building to the Palestinian Mine Action centre (PMAC). New Zealand's contribution of \$3.1 million is over two years (2014-2015).

oPt

New Zealand funds US\$150,000 for the Movements and Access Adviser in the Office of the Quartet Representative for facilitating humanitarian access into the oPt, including access for humanitarian agencies and supplies.

Pacific

In 2014, the New Zealand Defence Force conducted extensive UXO (unexploded ordnance) clearance activities in Papua New Guinea in close collaboration with the US, Australian and Canadian defence forces.

REHABILITATION PROGRAMMES:

The New Zealand Aid Programme provides NZ\$2.5 million each year in untagged core funding to support ICRC's work, including physical rehabilitation and preventative unexploded ordnance action programmes which focus on risk reduction, education and advocacy work. Those programmes aim to reduce the human cost of mines and explosive remnants of war.