
Provisional Reporting Formats for Article 13 para 2 and Article 11 para 2

Name of High Contracting Party: Ireland

Date of Submission: 2 November 2007

National Point(s) of Contact: Disarmament and Non-Proliferation Section, Department of Foreign Affairs, Tel. +353-1-4082972; Fax +353-1-4082383 (Organization, telephone, fax, email)
IRELAND: Annual Return under Amended Protocol II of the CCW 2007

Form A  Dissemination of information

Article 13 para 4 (a)  “The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the Depositary ... on:

(a) dissemination of information on this Protocol to their armed forces and to the civilian population;”

Remark:

High Contracting Party  IRELAND  reporting for time period  1 OCTOBER to 30 SEPTEMBER
from  2006 to 2007

Information to the armed forces

The Tactical Doctrine and the training manuals of the Defence Forces have been amended to reflect the requirements of the Amended Protocol.

Information to the civilian population

At the time of the Government decision to ratify Amended Protocol II and at the time of approval by Dáil Éireann (the Lower House of Parliament), information on the value of the Amended Protocol and on its obligations was made public through media releases and public statements/debates.
IRELAND: Annual Return under Amended Protocol II of the CCW 2007

Form B Mine clearance and rehabilitation programmes

Article 13 para 4 (b) “The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the Depositary ... on:

(b) mine clearance and rehabilitation programmes;”

Remark:

High Contracting Party IRELAND reporting for time period 1 October 2006 to 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mine clearance programmes</th>
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<td>There are no mined areas in Ireland</td>
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<th>Rehabilitation programmes</th>
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Form C

Technical requirements and relevant information

Article 13 para 4 (c) “The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the Depositary ... on:

(c) steps taken to meet technical requirements of this Protocol and any other relevant information pertaining thereto;

Remark:

High Contracting Party Ireland reporting for time period from 1 OCTOBER 2006 to 30 SEPTEMBER 2007

Technical requirements

As a State Party to the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction of 1997 (the Ottawa Convention), Ireland is subject to the general obligation not to produce or possess anti-personnel mines. However, pursuant to Article 3, paragraph 1 of that Convention, “the retention or transfer of a number of anti-personnel mines for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance, or mine destruction techniques is permitted.” Ireland currently possesses 73 anti-personnel mines (blast mines) for these purposes.

Defence Force manuals have been amended to take account of the technical requirements of the Amended Protocol II, and all of the mines retained conform fully with the technical requirements of Amended Protocol II.
IRELAND: Annual Return under Amended Protocol II of the CCW 2007

No anti-personnel mine production facilities exist in Ireland.

Any other relevant information

The Army Engineer Corps used 2 mines in training during this reporting period.

Form D  Legislation

Article 13 para 4 (d)  “The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the Depositary ... on:

(d) legislation related to this Protocol;

Remark:

High Contracting Party  IRELAND  reporting for time period  1OCTOBER  to  30 SEPTEMBER 2006 to 2007

Legislation

There have been no legislative developments since Ireland furnished its last annual report.
Article 13 para 4 (d) “The High Contracting Parties shall provide annual reports to the Depositary ... on:

(e) measures taken on international technical information exchange, on international cooperation on mine clearance, and on technical cooperation and assistance;

**Remark:**

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**International technical information exchange**

**International cooperation on mine clearance**

Ireland has made substantial contributions to demining activities and mine awareness education programmes, as well as victim assistance in some of the most severely affected countries. Tables giving more details are attached at Annex I.
**Other relevant matters**

Ireland was one of the first states to ratify the 1997 Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction in December 1997. Under the terms of that Convention, only a minimal stock is retained for the purposes of training and research in mine clearance techniques. Defence Force Tactical Doctrine has been amended to prohibit the use of anti-personnel mines.
IRELAND: Annual Return under Amended Protocol II of the CCW 2007

**Form G  Information to the UN-database on mine clearance**

Article 11 para 2 “The High Contracting Parties shall provide information to the database on mine clearance established within the United Nations System, especially...........on:

information concerning various means and technologies of mine clearance, and lists of experts, expert agencies or national points of contact on mine clearance

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<th>Means and technologies of mine clearance</th>
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<th>Lists of experts and experts agencies</th>
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The Irish Defence Forces represent the only expertise on mine clearance in Ireland. Contact can be made through the point of contact identified on page 1.
National points of contact on mine clearance

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EMERGENCY AND REHABILITATION ASSISTANCE

MINE ACTION

One of the largest impediments to rehabilitation and development in post-conflict society is the presence of landmines and explosive remnants of war. Since 1994, Ireland, through its overseas development aid programme, has been involved in funding humanitarian mine clearance operations, as well as providing support for rehabilitation programmes for mine victims and mine awareness campaigns in affected countries.

The mine action programmes supported through the overseas development emergency & recovery budgets are primarily determined by their relevance to the effective delivery of humanitarian assistance in terms of disaster relief and recovery in the field. This relevance is an essential criterion for mine action funding from these funds. Nonetheless, such mine action support in the humanitarian context is entirely consistent with Article 6 of the Ottawa Convention which commits each State party to:

(a) provide assistance for the care, rehabilitation, and social and economic reintegration, of mine victims and for mine awareness programmes and,

(b) provide assistance for mine clearance and related activities.

For the past decade, Halo Trust has been Ireland’s main partner in relation to de-mining activities and Ireland has now entered into more strategic long term support for the organisation through annual block grants for activities in three countries: Afghanistan, Angola, and Somalia. This approach will provide the organisation with the flexibility to better prioritise needs and to engage in more long term planning.

Since 2000, Ireland has spent some €15 million on a wide variety of de-mining and rehabilitation projects as part of its humanitarian assistance programmes. Funding has been disbursed through a variety of channels and has been specifically
focused on countries such as Angola, Cambodia and Afghanistan, which have been particularly badly affected by landmines.

In the period covered by this annual return, a total of €1.725 million has been assigned to Halo Trust for integrated mine clearance in, respectively, Angola €525,000; Somalia €500,000; Afghanistan €700,000. A further €776,103 has been allocated to Mines Advisory Group for land mine clearance in Iraq. Handicap International was provided with funding of €200,000 for community based rehabilitation in Angola and €188,000 for mine risk education in Somalia. Ireland also contributed €26,000 to the Jordanian National Committee for Demining and Rehabilitation.

Ireland remains committed to providing appropriate mine action support within the framework of its humanitarian interventions, being mindful of whether such support is under threat from the potential resumption of conflict or re-mining, as well as whether states in which support action may be considered are States Parties to the Ottawa Convention.