The Permanent Mission of the Republic of Slovenia to the United Nations Office and other International Organizations in Geneva presents its compliments to the United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs (CCW Secretariat) and has the honour to submit the CCW Reporting Formats for Article 13 Paragraph 4 and Article 11 Paragraph 2 of the Amended Protocol II for the Republic of Slovenia.

The Permanent Mission of the Republic of Slovenia has pursuant to Article 10, Paragraph 2 (b) of the Protocol and the decision of the first Conference of the High Contracting parties to Protocol V, the honour to submit the CCW Reporting Forms for the Republic of Slovenia.

Pursuant to the decision of the Third CCW Review Conference on the establishment of a Compliance mechanism applicable to the convention, the Permanent Mission of the Republic of Slovenia has the honour to submit reporting forms.

The Permanent Mission of the Republic of Slovenia has also the honour to submit the Summary reporting Format for Article 13 Paragraph 14 and Article 11 Paragraph 2, pursuant to the decision of the Fifth Annual Conference of the States parties to CCW Amended Protocol II on the Amended Protocol II.

The Permanent Mission of the Republic of Slovenia to the United Nations Office and other International Organizations in Geneva avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs (CCW Secretariat) the assurances of its highest consideration.

Geneva, 31 March 2017

United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs (Geneva Branch)
CCW Secretariat
Palais des Nations
Geneva
- PROTOCOL V -

REPORTING FORMS
PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 10, PARAGRAPH 2 (b) OF THE PROTOCOL AND THE DECISION OF THE FIRST CONFERENCE OF THE HIGH CONTRACTING PARTIES TO PROTOCOL V

(As adopted by the First Conference at its second plenary meeting on 5 November 2007)

HIGH CONTRACTING PARTY: REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA

NATIONAL POINT(S) OF CONTACT (Organization, telephones, fax, e-mail):
Ministry of Foreign Affairs
Mr. Gregor Kaplan
Tel: + 386 1 478 6710
E-mail: gregor.kaplan@gov.s

DATE OF SUBMISSION: 31/03/2017
(dd/mm/yyyy)

This information can be available to other interested parties and relevant organizations

☒ YES
☐ NO
☐ Partially, only the following forms:

A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐ E ☐ F ☒ G ☐ H ☐ I ☐
FORM A: Steps taken to implement Article 3 of the Protocol: Clearance, removal or destruction of explosive remnants of war

High Contracting Party: REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA

Reporting for time period from: 01/01/2016 to 31/12/2016

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 3:
The Republic of Slovenia fulfilled all obligations under Article 3 of the Protocol regarding clearance, removal and destruction of explosive remnants of war (ERW).

In the course of 2016, destruction of recently discovered ERW (from WWI and WWII) was conducted in Unexploded ordnance disposal range near Pivka.

Any other relevant information:
Under the Rules on protection against unexploded ordnance (Official Gazette No. 2/2015) the Administration of the Republic of Slovenia for Civil Protection and Disaster Relief continued with activities related to unexploded ordnance disposal in 2016. 456 interventions were made in cases of accidentally discovered unexploded ordnance. All together, 1,749 pieces of unexploded ordnance in total weight of 6,948,65 kg have been found and destroyed in 2016.

Most of the unexploded ordnance found in 2016 was destroyed at the Unexploded ordnance disposal range. However, in 30 cases, unexploded ordnance had to be destroyed on the spot.

According to the opinion of the Administration of the Republic of Slovenia for Civil Protection and Disaster Relief, the Protocol on Explosive Remnants of War does not require any additional measures in the area of protection against unexploded ordnance.
FORM B: Steps taken to implement Article 4 of the Protocol: Recording, retaining and transmission of information

High Contracting Party: REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA

Reporting for time period from: 01/01/2016 to 31/12/2016
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 4 and the Technical Annex:

The Republic of Slovenia is regularly updating its database on newly discovered unexploded ordnance. The database provides an up-to-date overview of interventions, types of assets, their location, storage and destruction.

The Administration for Civil Protection and Disaster Relief, notably its State service for protection against unexploded ordnance, regularly participates in organized protection and rescue events on local and national level.

Activities concerning protection against unexploded ordnance receive media attention.

Any other relevant information:

In the course of 2016, the Administration for Civil Protection and Disaster Relief continued its activities concerning unexploded ordnance disposal. This also includes raising public awareness and media coverage.
FORM C: Steps taken to implement Article 5 of the Protocol: Other precautions for the protection of the civilian population, individual civilians and civilian objects from the risks and effects of explosive remnants of war

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Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 5 and the Technical Annex:

No additional steps regarding other precautions for the protection of civilian population, individual civilians and civilian objects from the risks and effects of explosive remnants of war had to be taken.

Any other relevant information:

No other relevant information.
FORM D: Steps taken to implement Article 6 of the Protocol: Provisions for the protection of humanitarian missions and organizations from the effects of explosive remnants of war

High Contracting Party: REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA

Reporting for time period from: 01/01/2016 to 31/12/2016
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 6:
No additional steps regarding provisions for the protection of humanitarian missions and organizations from the effects of explosive remnants of war had to be taken.

Any other relevant information:
No other relevant information.
FORM E: Steps taken to implement Article 7 and Article 8 of the Protocol: Assistance with respect to existing explosive remnants of war and cooperation and assistance

High Contracting Party: REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA

Reporting for time period from: 01/01/2016 to 31/12/2016

[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 7 and Article 8:

No additional steps regarding implementation of Article 7 had to be taken.

Regarding the implementation of provisions of Article 8:

ITF Enhancing Human Security (previously known as the International Trust Fund for Demining and Mine Victims Assistance) is a non-profit, humanitarian organisation founded by the Government of the Republic of Slovenia in March 1998, originally to help Bosnia and Herzegovina, and later other mine-affected countries in South East Europe (Albania, Croatia, FYROM, Montenegro, Serbia and Kosovo), with implementation of projects in the field of mine action. At the request of donors and affected countries, ITF expanded its activities to Central Asia, South Caucasus, North and West Africa, Latin America, Middle East and the Baltic States.

The mission of ITF is providing assistance to countries and organisations in their recovery from post-conflict and disruptive challenges and ensuring security of individuals and communities in the affected areas. This has been achieved by the following:

1. Raising and managing funds from a wide range of donors,
2. Identifying and managing projects on behalf of national authorities and donors, and
3. Developing national and regional capacities to manage programmes and projects more effectively and efficiently.

So far, supported by various donors, ITF has contributed significantly to the resolution of the mine/ERW issue, carrying out over 3,100 mine action projects, clearing altogether approximately 139.3 million square metres of mine-polluted areas, including over 135.9 million square metres in South East Europe, over 2.1 million square metres in the South Caucasus and over 1.3 million square metres in Lebanon. Furthermore, 1,277 mine/ERW victims from South East Europe, the Gaza Strip, Libya, Lebanon, South Caucasus and Ukraine benefited from its physical rehabilitation programmes. So far, over 440,000 school children and adults, living in mine-polluted areas, received mine risk education directly, and over 610,000 family members indirectly. ITF has trained more than 1,100 experts in humanitarian demining, rehabilitation and mine action management. It also supported activities of national mine action centres in all mine-affected countries of South East Europe and the South Caucasus. Currently, ITF is providing capacity support to mine action centres in Afghanistan and in Libya.

Since 1998, 32 donor countries, the EU, UNDP, UNMAS, OPEC Fund for International Development, 399 international and local public and private companies, NGOs and individuals have allocated more than USD 414 million for ITF’s activities. The matching fund mechanism ensures that, if donors agree, every US dollar, raised by ITF for its activities, is matched by an additional dollar provided by the US Government. The Government of the Republic of Slovenia has altogether allocated USD 13.5 million for ITF’s projects and programs.

Any other relevant information:

No other relevant information.

CONVENTION ON CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS
FORM E(a): Steps taken by States which have ERW victims to implement the relevant provisions of Article 8(2): Victim Assistance

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Steps taken to implement the relevant provisions of Article 8(2):

There was no ERW victim in Slovenia in 2016.

Other relevant information, guided by the Plan of Action on Victim Assistance:

The Administration for Civil Protection and Disaster Relief, notably its State service for protection against unexploded ordnance, regularly participates in organized protection and rescue events and other events related to public safety. This also includes dissemination of related information through the media.
FORM F: Steps taken to implement Article 9 of the Protocol: Generic preventive measures

High Contracting Party: REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA

Reporting for time period from: 01/01/2016 to 31/12/2016
[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 9 and the Technical Annex:

No additional steps regarding generic preventive measures had to be taken.

Any other relevant information:

No other relevant information.
**FORM G:** Steps taken to implement Article 11 of the Protocol: Compliance

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**Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 11:**

No additional steps regarding compliance had to be taken.

**Any other relevant information:**

No other relevant information.
FORM H: Other relevant matters

High Contracting Party: REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA

Reporting for time period from: 01/01/2016 to 31/12/2016

[dd/mm/yyyy] [dd/mm/yyyy]

Any other relevant information:

No other relevant information.