### SUMMARY COVER PAGE
OF THE ANNUAL REPORT OF CCW PROTOCOL V

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME OF STATE [PARTY]:</th>
<th>New Zealand</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REPORTING PERIOD:</td>
<td>01/01/2010 to 31/12/2010</td>
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<tr>
<th>Form A: Steps taken to implement Article 3 of the Protocol: Clearance, removal or destruction of ERW</th>
<th>[ ] changed</th>
<th>[ ] unchanged [last reporting year: (2009)]</th>
<th>[ ] non applicable</th>
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<tr>
<td>Form B: Steps taken to implement Article 4 of the Protocol: Recording, retaining and transmission of information</td>
<td>[ ] changed</td>
<td>[ ] unchanged [last reporting year: (2009)]</td>
<td>[ ] non applicable</td>
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<td>Form C: Steps taken to implement Article 5 of the Protocol: Other precautions for the protection of the civilian population, individual civilians and civilian objects from the risks and effects of ERW</td>
<td>[ ] changed</td>
<td>[ ] unchanged [last reporting year: ( )]</td>
<td>[ ] non applicable</td>
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<td>Form D: Steps taken to implement Article 6 of the Protocol: Provisions for the protection of humanitarian missions and organizations from the effects of explosive remnants of war</td>
<td>[ ] changed</td>
<td>[ ] unchanged [last reporting year: (2009)]</td>
<td>[ ] non applicable</td>
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<td>Form E: Steps taken to implement Article 7 of the Protocol: Assistance with respect to existing explosive remnants of war</td>
<td>[ ] changed</td>
<td>[ ] unchanged [last reporting year: (2009)]</td>
<td>[ ] non applicable</td>
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<td>Form F: Steps taken to implement Article 8 of the Protocol: Co-operation and assistance</td>
<td>[ ] changed</td>
<td>[ ] unchanged [last reporting year: ( )]</td>
<td>[ ] non applicable</td>
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<td>Form G: Steps taken to implement Article 9 of the Protocol: Generic preventive measures</td>
<td>[ ] changed</td>
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<td>[ ] non applicable</td>
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<td>Form H: Steps taken to implement Article 11 of the Protocol: Compliance</td>
<td>[ ] changed</td>
<td>[ ] unchanged [last reporting year: (2009)]</td>
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<td>Form I: Other Relevant Matters</td>
<td>[ ] changed</td>
<td>[ ] unchanged [last reporting year: (2009)]</td>
<td>[ ] non applicable</td>
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1 Pursuant to the relevant decision of the First Conference of the High Contracting Parties to CCW Protocol V, this cover page could be used as a complement to submitting the detailed reporting forms adopted at the First Conference of the High Contracting Parties to CCW Protocol V in case there is no substantial change in the ERW situation, as a result of a conflict or of the measures undertaken in compliance with the provisions of Protocol V, and when the information to be provided in some of the forms in an annual report is the same as it would be in past reports.

CONVENTION ON CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS
REPORTING FORMS
PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 10, PARAGRAPH 2 (b) OF THE PROTOCOL AND THE
DECISION OF THE FIRST CONFERENCE OF THE HIGH CONTRACTING
PARTIES TO PROTOCOL V

(As adopted by the First Conference at its second plenary meeting on 5 November 2007)

HIGH CONTRACTING PARTY: New Zealand

NATIONAL POINT(S) OF CONTACT (Organization, telephones, fax, e-mail):
International Security and Disarmament Division, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade
Phone: +64 4 439 8449
Email: ised@mft.govt.nz

DATE OF SUBMISSION: 12/04/2011
(dd/mm/yyyy)

This information can be available to other interested parties and relevant organizations

☑ YES
☐ NO
☐ Partially, only the following forms:

A ☐ B ☐ C ☑ D ☐ E ☐ F ☐ G ☐ H ☐ I ☐
FORM C: Steps taken to implement Article 5 of the Protocol: Other precautions for the protection of the civilian population, individual civilians and civilian objects from the risks and effects of explosive remnants of war

High Contracting Party: New Zealand

Reporting for time period from: 01/01/2010 to 31/12/2010

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 5 and the Technical Annex:

New Zealand Defence Force (NZDF) personnel are present in Afghanistan in the New Zealand Provincial reconstruction Team (NZPRT) in Bamiyan Province. The NZPRT includes a two person explosive ordnance disposal (EOD) team. The NZDF EOD team disposes of explosive remnants of war (ERW) in two ways:

1. Disposal of ordnance that has been found by civilians and reported or delivered to the NZPRT. Such ordnance is either destroyed in situ when it is unsafe to move, or is collected and destroyed in batches by the EOD team.
2. Disposal of remnants of war in support of the Rewards Program initiated by the United States Department of Defence. The NZPRT and EOD team, under this program, conduct regular recovery operations of remnants of war within Bamiyan province. Once inspected, recovered ordnance is then destroyed or delivered to the Afghan National Army.

According to Article 1, Paragraph 4 of Protocol V Article 5 only applies to ERW other than existing ERW as defined in Article 2, Paragraph 5 of the Protocol. Furthermore, New Zealand is neither a party to the conflict nor in control of territory in Afghanistan. Therefore the steps taken by NZDF personnel regarding precautions for the protection of civilians and civilian objects from the risks and effects of ERW should be regarded as an application of the spirit of the Treaty rather than as a result of any obligations under Protocol V.

Any other relevant information:

CONVENTION ON CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS
FORM F: Steps taken to implement Article 8 of the Protocol: Co-operation and assistance

High Contracting Party: New Zealand

Reporting for time period from: 01/01/2010 to 31/12/2010

Steps taken to implement the provisions of Article 8:

UNMAS: NZAID provides untagged core funding to UNMAS (UN Mine Action Service) of NZ$1 million to support the organisation’s work in removing and destroying mines, explosive remnants of war and stockpiles, risk education and advocacy. New Zealand funding also supports the work that UNMAS does around medical assistance and rehabilitation of those affected by mines. New Zealand provides one military Staff Officer to the UNMAS in New York.

ICRC: NZAID provides NZ$2.5 million each year in untagged core funding to support ICRC’s (International Committee of the Red Cross) work including physical rehabilitation, preventative unexploded ordnance action programmes which focus on risk reduction, education and advocacy work. The advocacy work aims to reduce the human cost of mines and explosive remnants of war.

NZAID also prioritises core funding to other UN agencies such as UNICEF, United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), the UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA), the Office for the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) and World Food Programme (WFP), all of which undertake unexploded ordnance clearance action activities as part of their work.

NZAID also gives priority funding to the World Bank which helps address the long term consequences of mines and unexploded ordnance of war on economic and social development.

Afghanistan
In addition to activities in Afghanistan under Articles 5 & 7, New Zealand provides one military liaison officer from the International Security Assistance Force (ISAF) to the UN Mine Action Centre for Afghanistan.

Lao PDR
New Zealand announced a financial contribution of NZ$1.1 million for clearance activities in November 2010. The funding will be used to clear unexploded ordnance in the Xieng Khuang province where New Zealand has also supported sustainable tourism development, including cluster munitions clearance, at one of the most popular tourist destinations in Laos, the Plain of Jars.

NZAID also contributed to the UNESCO/Mine Action Group four year clearance project which commenced in May 2006.

Cambodia
Cambodia Mine Action centre (CMAC): through the Asia Development Assistance Facility, NZAID is funding Quality Solutions International to carry out a two-year project with CMAC’s training Centre to strengthen the training capabilities and capacity of the centre so that it best supports unexploded ordnance clearance action operations in Cambodia. It involves activities such as reviewing and updating the curriculum, upskilling staff, establishing the training centre as a centre of excellence, and facilitating regional collaboration in mine action in the wider GMS.

Egypt
NZAID contributed NZ$200,000 in October 2008 to UNDP for the UNDP/Egypt Government mine and unexploded ordnance clearance action programme. This programme was ongoing into 2010.

CONVENTION ON CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS
Any other relevant information: