

**CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE USE, STOCKPILING, PRODUCTION AND TRANSFER OF
ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES AND ON THEIR DESTRUCTION**

Reporting Formats for Article 7

STATE PARTY:

AUSTRALIA

DATE OF SUBMISSION

30 April 2007

POINT OF CONTACT

DEFENCE: Australian Army Headquarters – Peter Harris, Executive Officer, Capability Resources (02) 6265 6075 (Ph); (02) 6265 3866 (Fax)
FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND TRADE: Gerry McGuire, Director, Counter-Proliferation Section, (02) 6261 2943 (Ph); (02) 6261 2151 (Fax).

(ONLY FOR THE PURPOSES OF CLARIFICATION)

Form A National implementation measures

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
 a) The national implementation measures referred to in Article 9."

Remark: In accordance with Article 9, "Each State Party shall take all appropriate legal, administrative and other measures, including the imposition of penal sanctions, to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited to a State Party under this Convention undertaken by persons or on territory under its jurisdiction or control".

State [Party]: AUSTRALIA reporting for time period from 1 January 2006 to 31 December 2006

| | |
|--|---|
| <p>Measures</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Australia has enacted legislation - the <i>Anti-Personnel Mines Convention Act 1998</i> - to implement the Ottawa Convention (Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction). Specifically, section 7 of the Act makes it a criminal offence to place, possess, develop, produce, acquire, stockpile, move or transfer anti-personnel mines. 2. A Training Information Bulletin (TIB), NO. 86, ‘Conventions on the Use of Landmines: A Commander’s Guide’ was prepared and promulgated, in October 1999, within the Australian Defence Force. The document aims to provide Commanders and staff with an interpretation of revised policy on landmines, booby traps and improvised explosive devices and their application to military operations. 3. The Australian Minister for Defence has delegated this authority to the Chief of Army under the <i>Anti-Personnel Mines Convention Act 1998</i>. 4. The Department Of Defence produced a document (Defgram, No. 196/99) entitled "Ottawa Landmines Convention - Defence implications and obligations." A Defgram is a publication disseminated within the Defence Organisation. Defgram 196/99 is an information document, conveying to the Defence organisation its obligations under the Ottawa Convention. | <p>Supplementary information (e.g., effective date of implementation & text of legislation attached).</p> |
|--|---|

Form B Stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- b) The total of all stockpiled anti-personnel mines owned or possessed by it, or under its jurisdiction or control, to include a breakdown of the type, quantity and, if possible, lot numbers of each type of anti-personnel mine stockpiled."

State [Party]: **AUSTRALIA** reporting for time period from **1 January 2006** to **31 December 2006**

| Type | Quantity | Lot # (if possible) | Supplementary information |
|--|----------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| <p>Australia has not retained a stockpile of APM, apart from a minimum number of APM to be used for training and research purposes, as allowed under the Convention (see form D).</p> | | | <p>(Refer to Form D)</p> |
| | | | |
| <p>TOTAL</p> | | | |

Form C Location of mined areas

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

c) To the extent possible, the location of all mined areas that contain, or are suspected to contain, anti-personnel mines under its jurisdiction or control, to include as much detail as possible regarding the type and quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine in each mined area and when they were emplaced."

State [Party]: **AUSTRALIA** reporting for time period from **1 January 2006** to **31 December 2006**

1. Areas that contain mines*

| Location | Type | Quantity | Date of emplacement | Supplementary information |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Australia has no mined areas. | | | | |
| | | | | |

2. Areas suspected to contain mines*

| Location | Type | Quantity | Date of emplacement | Supplementary information |
|-----------------------|------|----------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Not Applicable | | | | |
| | | | | |

* If necessary, a separate table for each mined area may be provided

Form D APMs retained or transferred

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

d) The types, quantities and, if possible, lot numbers of all anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance or mine destruction techniques, or transferred for the purpose of destruction, as well as the institutions authorized by a State Party to retain or transfer anti-personnel mines, in accordance with Article 3"

State [Party]: AUSTRALIA reporting for time period from 1 January 2006 to 31 December 2006

1. Retained for development of and training in (Article 3, para.1)

| Institution authorized by State Party | Type | Quantity | Lot # (if possible) | Supplementary information |
|--|--|--------------|---------------------|--|
| Chief of Army, by delegation of the Minister for Defence under the <i>Anti-Personnel Mines Convention Act 1998</i>. | APERS NM M14 Note: There are no detonator assemblies for this type of mine held in stock. | 3,637 | | Stocks are now centralised, with small numbers in ammunition depots throughout Australia to support regional training. Training is conducted by the School of Military Engineering (Sydney, Australia). Stock levels will be regularly reviewed and assessed. Only a realistic training quantity is held, and this will be depleted over time. Stocks in excess of this figure will be destroyed on an ongoing basis. |
| | APERS M16 Note: Only 100 serviceable detonator assemblies are held for this type of mine and they are for training use only. | 3,496 | | |
| TOTAL | ----- | 7,133 | | |

Form D (continued)

2. Transferred for development of and training in (Article 3, para.1)

| Institution authorized by State Party | Type | Quantity | Lot # (if possible) | Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to |
|---------------------------------------|-------|----------|---------------------|---|
| Not Applicable | | | | |
| TOTAL | ----- | | | |

3. Transferred for the purpose of destruction (Article 3, para.2)

| Institution authorized by State Party | Type | Quantity | Lot # (if possible) | Supplementary information: e.g. transferred from, transferred to |
|---------------------------------------|-------|----------|---------------------|---|
| Not Applicable | | | | |
| TOTAL | ----- | | | |

Form E Status of programs for conversion or de-commissioning of APM production facilities

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

 e) The status of programs for the conversion or de-commissioning of anti-personnel mine production facilities."

State [Party]: **AUSTRALIA** reporting for time period from **1 January 2006** to **31 December 2006**

| Indicate if to "convert" or "decommission" | Status (indicate if "in process" or "completed") | Supplementary information |
|--|--|---------------------------|
| Australia has no APM production facilities. | | |
| | | |

Form F Status of programs for destruction of APMs

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

f) The status of programs for the destruction of anti-personnel mines in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, including details of the methods which will be used in destruction, the location of all destruction sites and the applicable safety and environmental standards to be observed."

State [Party]: **AUSTRALIA** reporting for time period from **1 January 2006** to **31 December 2006**

1. Status of programs for destruction of stockpiled APMs (Article 4)

| | |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Description of the status of programs including: | |
| Location of destruction sites | Details of: |
| Not applicable. No current plans to destroy further APMs. | Methods - |
| | Applicable safety standards – |
| | Applicable environmental standards - |

2. Status of programs for destruction of APMs in mined areas (Article 5)

| | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Description of the status of programs including: | |
| Not Applicable | Details of: |
| Location of destruction sites | |
| | Methods |
| | Applicable safety standards |
| | Applicable environmental standards |

Form G APMs destroyed after entry into force

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

g) The types and quantities of all anti-personnel mines destroyed after the entry into force of this Convention for that State Party, to include a breakdown of the quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine destroyed, in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, respectively, along with, if possible, the lot numbers of each type anti-personnel mine in the case of destruction in accordance with Article 4"

State [Party]: **AUSTRALIA** reporting for time period from **1 January 2006** to **31 December 2006**

1. Destruction of stockpiled APMs (Article 4)

| Type | Quantity | Lot # (if possible) | Supplementary information |
|-----------------------|----------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Not Applicable | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| TOTAL | | | |

2. Destruction of APMs in mined areas (Article 5)

| Type | Quantity | Supplementary information |
|-----------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| Not Applicable | | |
| TOTAL | | |

Form H Technical characteristics of each type produced/owned or possessed

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

h) The technical characteristics of each type of anti-personnel mine produced, to the extent known, and those currently owned or possessed by a State Party, giving, where reasonably possible, such categories of information as may facilitate identification and clearance of anti-personnel mines; at a minimum, this information shall include the dimensions, fusing, explosive content, metallic content, colour photographs and other information which may facilitate mine clearance"

State [Party]: **AUSTRALIA** reporting for time period from **1 January 2006** to **31 December 2006**

1. Technical characteristics of each APM-type produced

| Type | Dimensions | Fusing | Explosive content | | Metallic content | Colour photo attached | Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance. |
|-----------------------|------------|--------|-------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Not Applicable | | | type | grams | | | |

Form I Measures to provide warning to the population

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- i) The measures taken to provide an immediate and effective warning to the population in relation to all areas identified under paragraph 2 of Article 5."

Remark: In accordance with Article 5, para.2: "Each State Party shall make every effort to identify all areas under its jurisdiction or control in which anti-personnel mines are known or suspected to be emplaced and shall ensure as soon as possible that all anti-personnel mines in mined areas under its jurisdiction or control are perimeter-marked, monitored and protected by fencing or other means, to ensure the effective exclusion of civilians, until all anti-personnel mines contained therein have been destroyed. The marking shall at least be to the standards set out in the Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices, as amended on 3 May 1996, annexed to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects".

State [Party]: AUSTRALIA reporting for time period from 1 January 2006 to 31 December 2006

[Narrative:] **Not Applicable**

Form J Mine Action

Remark: States Parties may use this form to report on other relevant matters, including matters pertaining to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in Article 7. States Parties are encouraged to use this form to report on activities undertaken with respect to Article 6, and in particular to report on assistance provided for the care and rehabilitation, social and economic reintegration, of mine victims.

Name of Focal Point: Catherine Gill

Department: Australian Agency for International Development (AusAID)

Address: GPO Box 887 Canberra ACT 2601, Australia

Telephone: +61-2-6206-4289 Fax: +61-2-6206-4587

Email: catherine.gill@ausaid.gov.au

Definitions

Clearance – location, surveying, mapping, marking, detection, clearance and disposal/demolition of landmines in areas where civilians are living or are planning to settle

Mine Awareness – reducing the threat of mines to affected communities through community education

Survivor Assistance – emergency medical care and longer-term physical, psychological and socio-economic rehabilitation and reintegration

Advocacy – contributions to bilateral and multilateral efforts to encourage further accessions to the Convention and support efforts of regional civil society in maintaining pressure on non-signatory governments and non-state actors

Integrated – all aspects of mine clearance combined with other development activities that use the land cleared to improve the social and economic impact on the communities affected by mines

Core Grants - core contributions to peak organisations and agencies to assist with mine action coordination, operational and administrative costs, meetings and research

Mine Action Expenditure 2006-2007*

| Program Area | Funding Recipient | Activity | Mine Action Sector | \$A |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|
| Afghanistan | Care Australia | Inclusive Livelihoods for Persons with Disabilities in Kabul (Austcare) | Survivor Assistance | 150,000 |
| | UNICEF | Multi-sectoral support to conflict families in Southern Afghanistan | Mine Awareness | 15,664 |
| Cambodia | Various NGOs | Landmine Victim Assistance Fund | Survivor Assistance | 646,002 |
| | World Vision Australia | Community Strengthening & Gender Mainstreaming in Integrated Mine Action | Integrated | 720,243 |
| | Austcare | Integrated Mine Action in Banteay Meanchey | Integrated | 955,763 |
| | Care Australia | Cambodia Integrated Mine Action (ACIMA) | Integrated | 536,669 |
| | UNDP | Clearing for Results | Clearance | 2,000,000 |
| | CARE Australia | Accelerated Mine Clearance in Pailin | Clearance | 290,000 |
| | CARE Australia | Pailin Road Construction | Clearance | 500,000 |
| | Australian Volunteers International | Mine Action Planning Unit capacity building- land use planning | Clearance | 391,716 |
| Laos | Fondation Suisse de Deminage (FSD) | Community-based UXO Clearance in Southern Laos | Clearance | 729,828 |
| | National Regulatory Authority (NRA) | FSD Technical Advisor support to the NRA | Clearance | 170,172 |
| Lebanon | UNMAS | Cluster Munitions Clearance | Clearance | 500,000 |
| Global | GICHD | Voluntary Trust Fund (Implementation Support Unit) | Advocacy | 80,000 |
| | GICHD | Sponsorship Program | Advocacy | 50,000 |
| | GICHD | Victim Assistance Position | Survivor Assistance | 105,000 |
| | GICHD | Universalisation Strategy- Small States conference | Advocacy | 95,000 |
| | Standing Tall Australia | <i>Landmine Victim Assistance in 2006: Overview of the Situation in 24 States Parties</i> publication | Core Grants | 21,300 |
| | ICBL-AN | Landmine Monitor Report 2006 | Core Grants | 250,000 |
| Total 2006-2007 | | | | 8,207,358 |

*Actual expenses for Australian Financial Year 2006/2007 for the period 1 July 2006 to 31 March 2007 are provided in this table. A complete record of Australia's expenditure on mine action will not be available until the end of the financial year, which ends on 30 June 2007. Significant further expenditure on mine action is expected between 1 April to 30 June 2007.